

LAMB COUNTY, TEXAS
ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR YEAR ENDED
SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

LAMB COUNTY, TEXAS
ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

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PART I

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

LAMB COUNTY, TEXAS
PRINCIPAL COUNTY OFFICIALS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

James M. DeLoach	County Judge
Cory DeBerry	Commissioner, Precinct #1
Kent Lewis	Commissioner, Precinct #2
Danny Short	Commissioner, Precinct #3
Lee Logan	Commissioner, Precinct #4
Felix Klien	Judge, 154 th Judicial District
Scott A. Say	County/District Attorney
Debbie Long	District Clerk
Tonya Ritchey	County Clerk
Tammy Kirkland	County Tax Assessor/Collector
Jerry Yarbrough	County Treasurer
Gary Maddox	County Sheriff
Becky DeBerry	Justice of the Peace, Precinct #1
Brad Bridges	Justice of the Peace, Precinct #2
Tim Walker	Justice of the Peace, Precinct #3
Melton Hanna	Justice of the Peace, Precinct #4
Gina Jones	County Auditor

PART II

FINANCIAL SECTION

To The Honorable County Judge and
Commissioners Comprising the
Commissioners' Court of
Lamb County, Texas

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lamb County, Texas, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Lamb County, Texas's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lamb County, Texas, as of September 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows, thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We did not audit the financial statements of Lamb County Hospital, which is both a major fund and 100 percent, respectively, of the assets, net position, and revenues of the business-type activities. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Lamb County Hospital, is based solely on the report of the other auditors.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Lamb County, Texas and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Lamb County, Texas's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Lamb County, Texas's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Lamb County, Texas's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison schedule, the schedule of changes in net pension liability and related ratios, and the schedule of employer contributions on pages 38 – 42 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The County has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. The MD&A, although not a part of the basic financial statements is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. The independent auditors' opinion is not affected by the omission of the MD&A.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Lamb County, Texas's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining nonmajor and custodial fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 22, 2023, on our consideration of Lamb County, Texas's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Lamb County, Texas's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Lamb County, Texas's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

DOSHIER, PICKENS & FRANCIS, L.L.C.

DOSHIER, PICKENS & FRANCIS, LLC
Amarillo, Texas
June 22, 2023

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

LAMB COUNTY, TEXAS
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Primary Government		
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 8,044,997	\$ 24,922	\$ 8,069,919
Accounts receivable, net	210,377	1,444,363	1,654,740
Taxes receivable, net	142,023	-	142,023
Internal balances	(3,009,103)	3,009,103	-
Inventories	466	430,823	431,289
Prepaid items	70,951	742,580	813,531
Net pension asset	1,928,274	-	1,928,274
Capital assets net of of accumulated depreciation	7,923,381	4,946,379	12,869,760
Total assets	15,311,366	10,598,170	25,909,536
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension contributions	389,818	-	389,818
Pension economic loss	185,789	-	185,789
Pension assumption changes	386,081	-	386,081
Total deferred outflows of resources	961,688	-	961,688
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	495,699	396,059	891,758
Due to other governmental agencies	1,864,710	-	1,864,710
Accrued liabilities	51,877	1,070,515	1,122,392
Accrued interest	1,799	-	1,799
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Due within one year	111,625	17,194	128,819
Due in more than one year	96,534	36,451	132,985
Total liabilities	2,622,244	1,520,219	4,142,463
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension economic/demographic gains	224,611	-	224,611
Pension excess earnings	2,919,304	-	2,919,304
Pension assumption changes	78,681	-	78,681
Medicare accelerated advance payment	-	139,165	139,165
Total deferred inflows of resources	3,222,596	139,165	3,361,761
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	7,797,265	4,892,734	12,689,999
Restricted:			
By enabling legislation	586,104	-	586,104
Debt service	63	-	63
Unrestricted	2,044,782	4,046,052	6,090,834
Total net position	\$ 10,428,214	\$ 8,938,786	\$ 19,367,000

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

LAMB COUNTY, TEXAS
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Functions/Programs	Expenses	Program Revenues			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position		
		Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Primary Government		Total
					Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	
Primary government:							
Governmental activities:							
Administrative	\$ 2,584,507	\$ 167,579	\$ 778,162	\$ -	\$ (1,638,766)	\$ -	\$ (1,638,766)
Judicial	899,728	269,146	67,515	-	(563,067)	-	(563,067)
Public facilities	579,484	3,128	140,492	-	(435,864)	-	(435,864)
Public safety	2,729,070	44,767	42,220	-	(2,642,083)	-	(2,642,083)
Road and bridge	1,976,979	507,721	131,859	-	(1,337,399)	-	(1,337,399)
Public service	492,417	2,715	144,577	-	(345,125)	-	(345,125)
Interest on long-term debt	7,055	-	-	-	(7,055)	-	(7,055)
Total governmental activities	9,269,240	995,056	1,304,825	-	(6,969,359)	-	(6,969,359)
Business-type activities:							
Lamb County Hospital	14,581,172	10,175,967	1,204,181	-	-	(3,201,024)	(3,201,024)
Total business-type activities	14,581,172	10,175,967	1,204,181	-	-	(3,201,024)	(3,201,024)
Total primary government	\$ 23,850,412	\$ 11,171,023	\$ 2,509,006	\$ -	(6,969,359)	(3,201,024)	(10,170,383)
General revenues:							
Taxes:							
Property taxes					8,623,920	-	8,623,920
Payments in lieu of taxes					60,000	-	60,000
Mixed beverage taxes					2,903	-	2,903
Investment earnings					82,984	72,010	154,994
Miscellaneous					248,183	-	248,183
Transfers					(1,230,820)	1,230,820	-
Total general revenues and transfers					7,787,170	1,302,830	9,090,000
Change in net position					817,811	(1,898,194)	(1,080,383)
Net position - beginning					9,594,507	10,841,575	20,436,082
Prior period restatement					15,896	(4,595)	11,301
Net assets, beginning, as restated					9,610,403	10,836,980	20,447,383
Net position - ending					\$ 10,428,214	\$ 8,938,786	\$ 19,367,000

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

**LAMB COUNTY, TEXAS
BALANCE SHEET
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2022**

	General	Lamb Healthcare Center - County	American Recovery Grant
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,747,496	\$ 3,289,107	\$ 1,757,317
Accounts receivable, net	155,167	-	-
Taxes receivable, net	142,023	-	-
Due from other funds	480,125	-	-
Inventories	466	-	-
Prepaid items	59,140	-	-
Total assets	\$ 2,584,417	\$ 3,289,107	\$ 1,757,317
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	\$ 325,190	\$ -	\$ -
Due to other funds	-	3,289,107	-
Due to other governmental entities	125,181	-	1,739,529
Accrued liabilities	50,735	-	-
Total liabilities	501,106	3,289,107	1,739,529
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	114,549	-	-
Unavailable revenue - other receivables	102,336	-	-
Total deferred inflows of resources	216,885	-	-
FUND BALANCES			
Non-spendable:			
Prepaid items	59,140	-	-
Restricted:			
By enabling legislation	-	-	-
Debt service	-	-	-
Committed for:			
Special projects	-	-	17,788
Unassigned (deficit)	1,807,286	-	-
Total fund balances	1,866,426	-	17,788
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$ 2,584,417	\$ 3,289,107	\$ 1,757,317

Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ 1,251,077	\$ 8,044,997
55,210	210,377
-	142,023
-	480,125
-	466
11,811	70,951
<u>\$ 1,318,098</u>	<u>\$ 8,948,939</u>
\$ 170,509	\$ 495,699
200,121	3,489,228
-	1,864,710
1,142	51,877
<u>371,772</u>	<u>5,901,514</u>
-	114,549
-	102,336
<u>-</u>	<u>216,885</u>
11,811	70,951
586,104	586,104
63	63
555,450	573,238
(207,102)	1,600,184
<u>946,326</u>	<u>2,830,540</u>
<u>\$ 1,318,098</u>	<u>\$ 8,948,939</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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LAMB COUNTY, TEXAS
RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL
FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:

Total fund balance - governmental funds	\$ 2,830,540
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in this fund financial statement, but are reported in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position.	7,923,381
Certain accounts receivable are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are shown as unavailable revenues in the fund financial statements.	216,885
Pension contributions paid after the measurement date, December 31, 2021, and before September 30, 2022 are expensed in the governmental funds and shown as deferred outflows of resources in the government-wide financial statements.	389,818
Pension losses and deficient earnings are shown as deferred outflows of resources in the government-wide financial statements.	
Pension economic/demographic losses	185,789
Pension assumption changes	386,081
Pension gains and excess earnings are shown as deferred inflows of resources in the government-wide financial statements.	
Pension economic/demographic gains	(224,611)
Pension excess earnings	(2,919,304)
Pension assumption changes	(78,681)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the fund financial statements:	
Accrued interest payable	(1,799)
Capital leases	(126,116)
Accrued compensated absences	(82,043)
Net position - governmental activities	<u><u>\$ 10,428,214</u></u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

LAMB COUNTY, TEXAS
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	<u>General</u>	<u>Lamb Healthcare Center - County</u>	<u>American Recovery Grant</u>
REVENUES			
Property taxes	\$ 6,004,969	\$ 1,230,820	\$ -
Payments in lieu of taxes	60,000	-	-
Mixed beverage taxes	2,903	-	-
Licenses and fees	301,347	-	-
Fines and forfeitures	32,980	-	-
Intergovernmental	91,386	-	750,731
Interest	46,812	-	15,686
Miscellaneous	233,532	-	-
	<u>6,773,929</u>	<u>1,230,820</u>	<u>766,417</u>
Total revenues			
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
Administrative	1,868,641	-	590,433
Judicial	892,004	-	-
Public facilities	483,224	-	-
Public safety	2,655,430	-	-
Road and bridge	-	-	-
Public service	163,595	-	-
Debt service:			
Principal	-	-	-
Interest	-	-	-
Capital outlay	292,295	-	160,298
	<u>6,355,189</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>750,731</u>
Total expenditures			
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	<u>418,740</u>	<u>1,230,820</u>	<u>15,686</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Proceeds from sale of assets	26,500	-	-
Transfers in	-	-	-
Transfers out	(230,150)	(1,230,820)	-
	<u>(203,650)</u>	<u>(1,230,820)</u>	<u>-</u>
Total other financing sources (uses)			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	<u>215,090</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>15,686</u>
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING PRIOR PERIOD RESTATEMENT	1,651,336	-	2,102
	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING, AS RESTATED	<u>1,651,336</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,102</u>
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	<u><u>\$ 1,866,426</u></u>	<u><u>\$ -</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 17,788</u></u>

Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ 1,405,445	\$ 8,641,234
-	60,000
-	2,903
635,995	937,342
49,348	82,328
462,708	1,304,825
20,486	82,984
14,651	248,183
<u>2,588,633</u>	<u>11,359,799</u>
25,335	2,484,409
65,885	957,889
145,334	628,558
48,601	2,704,031
1,702,660	1,702,660
381,985	545,580
257,273	257,273
11,566	11,566
20,156	472,749
<u>2,658,795</u>	<u>9,764,715</u>
<u>(70,162)</u>	<u>1,595,084</u>
-	26,500
230,150	230,150
-	(1,460,970)
<u>230,150</u>	<u>(1,204,320)</u>
<u>159,988</u>	<u>390,764</u>
770,442	2,423,880
15,896	15,896
<u>786,338</u>	<u>2,439,776</u>
<u>\$ 946,326</u>	<u>\$ 2,830,540</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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LAMB COUNTY, TEXAS
RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES,
EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL
FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds:	\$ 390,764
Governmental funds report outlays for capital assets as expenditures because such outlays use current financial resources. In contrast, the Statement of Activities reports only a portion of the outlay as expense. The outlay is allocated over the assets' estimated useful lives as depreciation expense for the period.	
This is the amount by which capital outlays, \$472,749, were exceeded by depreciation, \$901,202, in the current period.	(428,453)
In the Statement of Activities, only the gain on the disposition of capital assets is reported. However, in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the disposition, if any, increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the net book value of the capital assets disposed of.	
	(183,710)
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are fully deferred in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances. This amount represents the change in unavailable revenue.	
	(41,928)
In the Statement of Net Position, incurring debt increases long-term liabilities and does not affect the Statement of Activities. Similarly, repayments of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but reduces the liability in the Statement of Net Position.	
Principal repayments:	
Capital lease payable	257,273
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and these are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:	
Accrued interest on debt, net change	4,511
Compensated absences, net change	(1,735)
Pension deferred outflows of resources	(226,988)
Pension deferred inflows of resources	(2,045,771)
Net pension asset, net change	1,928,274
Net pension liability, net change	1,165,574
Change in net position - governmental activities	\$ 817,811

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

**LAMB COUNTY, TEXAS
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
PROPRIETARY FUND
LAMB COUNTY HOSPITAL
SEPTEMBER 30, 2022**

ASSETS

Current assets:

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 24,922
Patient accounts receivable, net	849,381
Other receivables	594,982
Due from other funds	3,289,107
Inventory of supplies	430,823
Prepaid and other current assets	<u>742,580</u>
 Total current assets	 <u>5,931,795</u>

Non-current assets:

Capital assets:

Land	61,822
Land improvements	1,022,226
Equipment	9,528,757
Leased equipment	116,270
Construction in progress (non-depreciable)	1,677,568
Less accumulated depreciation	<u>(7,460,264)</u>
 Total non-current assets	 <u>4,946,379</u>

Total assets	<u>10,878,174</u>
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The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

**LAMB COUNTY, TEXAS
STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS
PROPRIETARY FUND
LAMB COUNTY HOSPITAL
SEPTEMBER 30, 2022**

Continuation

LIABILITIES

Current liabilities:

Accounts payable	\$ 379,385
Due to other funds	280,004
Accrued payroll, benefits, and related liabilities	575,654
Other accrued liabilities	494,861
Current portion of long-term debt	17,194
Estimated third-party payor settlements	<u>16,674</u>
Total current liabilities	<u>1,763,772</u>

Non-current liabilities:

Capital lease obligation	<u>36,451</u>
Total non-current liabilities	<u>36,451</u>
Total liabilities	<u>1,800,223</u>

DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Medicare accelerated advance payment	<u>139,165</u>
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>139,165</u>

NET POSITION

Net investment in capital assets	4,892,734
Unrestricted	<u>4,046,052</u>
Total net position	<u><u>\$ 8,938,786</u></u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

LAMB COUNTY, TEXAS
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION
PROPRIETARY FUND
LAMB COUNTY HOSPITAL
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

OPERATING REVENUES:

Net patient service revenue	\$ 9,256,975
Delivery system reform incentive program	298,024
Other operating revenue	<u>620,968</u>
Total operating revenues	<u>10,175,967</u>

OPERATING EXPENSES:

Salaries and wages	4,785,150
Employee benefits	602,761
Professional fees and purchased services	4,829,984
Supplies and other	3,553,833
Depreciation and amortization	<u>804,522</u>
Total operating expenses	<u>14,576,250</u>
Operating loss	<u>(4,400,283)</u>

NON-OPERATING REVENUES:

Tobacco settlement revenue	27,027
Noncapital grants and contributions	10,969
COVID-19 Federal financial assistance	1,166,185
Interest expense	(4,922)
Investment income	<u>72,010</u>
Total non-operating revenues	<u>1,271,269</u>

LOSS BEFORE CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS (3,129,014)

TRANSFERS IN 1,230,820

CHANGE IN NET POSITION (1,898,194)

TOTAL NET POSITION - BEGINNING 10,841,575
PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT (4,595)

TOTAL NET POSITION - BEGINNING, AS RESTATED 10,836,980

TOTAL NET POSITION - ENDING \$ 8,938,786

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

**LAMB COUNTY, TEXAS
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
PROPRIETARY FUND
LAMB COUNTY HOSPITAL
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022**

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

Receipts from and on behalf of patients	\$ 10,115,784
Other receipts and payments, net	406,885
Payments to suppliers and contractors	(8,393,976)
Payments to employees	(5,378,182)

Net cash used by operating activities	(3,249,489)
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**CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING
ACTIVITIES**

Cash invested in funds held by Lamb County	2,962,846
Interfund transfers	1,230,820
Noncapital grants and contributions	10,969
COVID-19 Federal financial assistance	966,185
Proceeds from tobacco settlement	27,027

Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	5,197,847
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**CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED
FINANCING ACTIVITIES**

Principal payments on long-term debt	(19,037)
Interest payments on long-term debt	(4,922)
Purchases of capital assets	(2,001,195)

Net cash used by capital and related financing activities	(2,025,154)
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CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES

Investment earnings	72,010
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Net cash provided by investing activities	72,010
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NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(4,786)
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CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	29,708
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CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	\$ 24,922
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Continued

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

**LAMB COUNTY, TEXAS
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
PROPRIETARY FUND
LAMB COUNTY HOSPITAL
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022**

Continuation

Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash provided by operating activities:

Operating loss	\$ (4,400,283)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used by operating activities:	
Depreciation and amortization	804,522
Provision for bad debts	1,450,079
(Increase) decrease in operating assets	
Patient accounts receivable	(497,238)
Estimated third-party payor settlements	61,509
Other receivables	33,033
Inventory of supplies	13,643
Prepaid and other current assets	(519,619)
Increase (decrease) in operating liabilities	
Accounts payable	(21,297)
Accrued payroll, benefits, and related liabilities	9,729
Other accrued liabilities	252,366
Deferred inflows of resources	(435,933)
Net cash used by operating activities	<u><u>\$ (3,249,489)</u></u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

LAMB COUNTY, TEXAS
STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
FIDUCIARY FUNDS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

		Custodial Funds
	ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents		\$ 497,914
Total assets		<u>497,914</u>
	LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable		4,605
Due to other governments		<u>152,848</u>
Total liabilities		<u>157,453</u>
	NET POSITION	
Restricted for:		
Individuals		<u>340,461</u>
Total net position		<u><u>\$ 340,461</u></u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

LAMB COUNTY, TEXAS
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
FIDUCIARY FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Custodial Funds
Additions	
Tax collections	\$ 2,816,788
Trust/Escrow contributions	654,428
Inmate accounts	95,750
Investment earnings	3,513
Total additions	3,570,479
Deductions	
Payments to local governments	2,818,892
Trust/Escrow disbursements	604,211
Inmate accounts	98,791
Total deductions	3,521,894
NET CHANGE IN NET POSITION	48,585
NET POSITION - BEGINNING	291,876
NET POSITION - ENDING	\$ 340,461

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

LAMB COUNTY, TEXAS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of Lamb County, Texas (County) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (generally accepted accounting principles) (GAAP) for local governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant accounting and reporting policies of the County are described in the following notes to the financial statements.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The County, incorporated in 1876, is a public corporation and political subdivision of the State of Texas. The County is governed by the Commissioners Court, composed of four County Commissioners and the County Judge, all of whom are elected officials.

The County provides a variety of services to advance the welfare, morale, comfort, safety and convenience of the County and its citizens.

The definition of the reporting entity is based primarily on the notion of financial accountability. The elected officials governing the County are accountable to their constituents for their public policy decisions, regardless of whether those decisions are carried out directly through the operations of the County or by their appointees through the operations of a separate entity. Therefore, the County is not only financially accountable for the organizations that make up its legal entity, but also financially accountable for legally separate organizations if its officials appoint a voting majority of an organization's governing body and either, it is able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or to impose specific financial burdens on the County.

On August 1, 1991, the County purchased all of the assets and assumed all of the liabilities of the Lamb County Hospital d/b/a Lamb Healthcare Center (the "Hospital"). The Hospital is an enterprise fund of the County. It was established for the purpose of maintaining a system to provide hospital and medical care to the residents of Lamb County, Texas. The Hospital is supported, in part, by subsidies from the County with a budgeted portion of the ad valorem tax revenue assessed by the County each year. The Hospital has elected to prepare separate financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2022, which include a complete set of financial statements and footnote disclosures. A copy of the annual financial statements may be obtained by contacting the Administration of Lamb Healthcare Center at 1500 South Sunset, Littlefield, Texas, 79339.

B. Financial Statement Presentation, Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Government-Wide Statements

Government-wide financial statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. These statements report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenue, are reported separately from *business-like activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Under this measurement focus, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of the timing of cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Fines and forfeitures are recognized when they have been assessed and adjudicated and earned. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Continued

LAMB COUNTY, TEXAS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continuation

B. Financial Statement Presentation, Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting – Continuation

Government-Wide Statements – Continuation

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of the County's programs are offset by those programs' revenue. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Certain indirect costs have been included as part of the program expenses reported for the various functional activities. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by the program and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational and/or capital requirements of a particular program. Taxes and other items not included among program revenue are reported instead as *general revenue*. In miscellaneous general revenues are non-program specific contributions including capital assets contributions.

Fiduciary funds are excluded in the government-wide presentation of the financial statements.

Fund-Level Statements

All governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become both measurable and available). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The County considers property taxes and other revenues as available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. Grant and entitlement revenues are also susceptible to accrual. These funds are accounted for on a spending "financial flow" measurement focus. This means that only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their reported fund balance (net current assets) is considered a measure of "available spendable resources." Governmental fund operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Accordingly, they are said to present a summary of sources and uses of "available spendable resources" during a period.

Any proprietary funds, including internal service funds, and fiduciary funds, including custodial funds, are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned, and expenses when they are incurred. Claims incurred but not reported are included in payables and expenses. These funds are accounted for using an economic resources measurement focus.

The accounts of the County are organized and operated on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based on the purpose for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

The **General Fund** is the general operating fund of the County. The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Major revenue sources include property taxes, charges for services, intergovernmental revenues and investment of idle funds. Primary expenditures are for administrative, judicial, public facilities, public safety, public service, road and bridge, and capital acquisition.

Continued

LAMB COUNTY, TEXAS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continuation

B. Financial Statement Presentation, Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting – Continuation

Fund-Level Statements – Continuation

The **Lamb Healthcare Center – County** is used to account for the ad valorem taxes collected and cash balances held on behalf of the Lamb County Hospital, to subsidize the Hospital's annual operations.

The **American Recovery Grant** is used to account for funds received through various federal agencies passed through the State of Texas. The pass through grant is to be used to reimburse the County for qualified incurred costs and lost revenue related to the COVID-19 pandemic.

Additionally, the County reports the following funds types:

Proprietary Fund – *Lamb County Hospital* accounts for the resources used to maintain a system to provide hospital and medical care to the residents of Lamb County, Texas.

Special Revenue Funds – *Special Revenue Funds* account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than fiduciary funds) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Custodial Funds are used to account for assets held by the County as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments and other funds. Custodial funds do not involve a formal trust agreement.

C. Use of Restricted Assets

In circumstances when an expenditure is made for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications, fund balance is depleted in the order of restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity

1. Deposits and Investments

The County's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and deposits within public fund investment pools. Statutes authorize the County to keep funds in demand deposits, time deposits, or securities of the United States. The County's custodial banks are required to pledge for the purpose of securing County funds, securities of the following kind, in an amount equal to the amount of such County funds: bonds and notes of the United States, securities of indebtedness of the United States, bonds of the State of Texas, or of any county, city, or independent school district, and various other bonds as described in Texas Statutes. TexPool is duly chartered and administered by the Texas Treasury Safekeeping Trust Company and the portfolio normally consists of U.S. T-Bills or T-Notes, collateralized certificates of deposit, and repurchase agreements. The carrying value (cost) and market value are equal for these deposits.

The County is required by Government Code Chapter 2256, the Public Funds Investment Act ("Act"), to adopt, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must be written, primarily emphasize safety of principal and liquidity, address investment diversification, yield, and maturity and the quality and capability of investment management, and include a list of the types of authorized investments in which the investing entity's funds may be invested, and the maximum allowable stated maturity of any individual investment owned by the entity.

Continued

LAMB COUNTY, TEXAS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continuation

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity – Continuation

1. Deposits and Investments – Continuation

The Act requires an annual audit of investment policies. Audit procedures in this area, conducted as a part of the audit of the basic financial statements, disclosed that in the areas of investment practices, management has reported and established appropriate policies. The County adheres to the requirements of the Act. Additionally, investment practices of the County are in accordance with local policies.

2. Receivables and Payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either “due to/from other funds” (i.e., the current portion of inter-fund loans) or “advances to/from other funds” (i.e., the noncurrent portion of inter-fund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as “due to/from other funds.”

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

Accounts receivable from other governments include amounts due from grantors for approved grants for specific programs and reimbursements for services performed by the County. Program grants are recorded as receivables revenues at the time all eligibility requirements established by the provider have been met.

Reimbursements for services performed are recorded as receivables and revenues when they are earned in the government-wide statements. Included are fines and costs assessed by court action and billable services for certain contracts. Revenues received in advance of the costs being incurred are recorded as unavailable revenues in the fund statements. Receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts of \$3,841,892

Payables consist of vendor obligations for goods and services as well as funds payable to others when the criteria for their release have been met.

3. Property Tax Calendar and Revenues

Property taxes are based on taxable value at January 1 and become due October 1 and past due after January 31 of the following year unless the half payment option is elected in which one-half the tax is due November 30, and the balance the following June 30. Tax collections after February 1 are treated as late payments and are subject to penalty and interest. Uncollected taxes from the current tax roll become delinquent on July 1 and are subject to additional penalties and interest. Accordingly, receivables and revenues for property taxes are reflected on the government-wide statement based on the full accrual method of accounting. Property tax receivables for prior years' levies are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts of \$347,712.

Continued

LAMB COUNTY, TEXAS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continuation

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity – Continuation

4. Restricted Assets/Funds

The following accounts reflect restricted status by third-party or statutory obligations for specific purposes:

- Other Non-Major Governmental fund balances (amounts restricted for other specific purposes such as management, preservation, and archiving of public records, enhancement of law enforcement operations with seized funds, maintenance of the commissary in the Sheriff's Department, personnel and security for the courthouse, technology requirements for the justice court, administration of juvenile probation programs, administration of drug and alcohol awareness programs, assisting in paying compensation for guardians or attorneys ad litem, administration of pre-trial diversion programs, defraying the County's voter registration expenses, and enhancement of the County Attorney operations with fees from processing dishonored and forged checks. All restrictions are enacted according to Texas statutes.)

5. Inventories and Prepaid Items

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories in the governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than purchased. At September 30, 2022, inventories consisted of fuel, rock, and culverts in the road and bridge department.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. The County uses the consumption method to record its prepaid items which requires reporting these items as assets and deferring the recognition of expenditures until the period in which prepaid items are used or consumed. In the fund financial statements, they are offset by a designation of no spendable fund balance which indicates they do not represent "available spendable resources".

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings and improvements, equipment, and vehicles, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. According to the County's capitalization policy, capital assets, are defined as individual assets (or systems of assets) having a cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

When capital assets are purchased, they are capitalized and depreciated in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are recorded as expenditures of the current period in the governmental fund financial statements.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated lives:

Buildings and improvements	7 - 50 years
Machinery and equipment	7 - 15 years
General equipment	5 - 20 years
Vehicles	8 years

Continued

LAMB COUNTY, TEXAS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continuation

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity – Continuation

7. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow or resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The government has multiple items that qualify for reporting in this category. They are the contributions and other items related to the County's pension plan reported in the government-wide statement of net position.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The government has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. One item, *unavailable revenue*, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from two sources: property taxes and special assessments. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. The other items are related to the changes in the County's pension plan and are reported in the government-wide statement of net position.

8. Compensated Absences

A liability for unused vacation and comp time for all full-time employees is calculated and reported in the government-wide financial statements. For financial reporting, the following criteria must be met to be considered as compensated absences:

- leave or compensation is attributable to services already rendered
- leave or compensation is not contingent on a specific event (such as illness).

Per GASB Interpretation No. 6, liabilities for compensated absences are recognized in the fund statements to the extent the liabilities have matured (i.e. are due for payment). Compensated absences are accrued in the government-wide statements.

County employees (other than Sheriff's office employees) earn personal leave in varying amounts and do not earn sick leave. Unused personal leave may be accumulated up to 216 hours and is paid upon termination of employment. Sheriff office employees earn varying amounts of vacation time with a maximum accrual of 120 hours and an end of year carryover of 40 hours and is paid upon termination of employment. Sheriff office employees earn 3.08 hours of sick pay per period with a maximum accrual of 80 hours and an end of year carryover of 40 hours. Lamb County will not pay the employee for unused sick leave time accumulated. Also, in accordance with the Fair Labor Standards Act as it applies to local governments, non-exempt county employees are granted compensatory time for hours worked beyond their regular working hours. Accumulated compensatory time is also paid upon termination of employment.

Continued

LAMB COUNTY, TEXAS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continuation

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity – Continuation

9. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension asset or liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County's Texas County and District Retirement System Plan and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

10. Fund Balances

As prescribed by GASB Statement No. 54, governmental funds report fund balance in classifications based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the funds can be spent. Fund balance for governmental funds can consist of the following:

Non-spendable Fund Balance – includes amounts that cannot be spent because they: (a) are not in spendable form (e.g., inventories and prepaid items); (b) are not expected to be converted into cash within the current period or at all (e.g., long-term receivables); or (c) are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (e.g., the non-spendable corpus of an endowment)

Restricted Fund Balance – includes amounts subject to usage constraints that have either been: (a) externally imposed by creditors (e.g., through a debt covenant), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance – includes amounts that are constrained to use for specific purposes pursuant to formal action of the Commissioners' Court. These amounts cannot be used for other purposes unless the Court removes or changes the constraints via the same type of action used to initially commit them.

Assigned Fund Balance – includes amounts intended by the County for use for a specific purpose but which do not qualify for classification as either restricted or committed. The intent can be expressed by the Commissioners' Court or by a Court designee (e.g., a department head). This classification applies to the positive unrestricted and uncommitted fund balances of all governmental funds except the General Fund.

Unassigned Fund Balance – this classification applies to the residual fund balance of the General Fund and to any deficit fund balances of other governmental funds.

Continued

**LAMB COUNTY, TEXAS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2022**

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continuation

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity – Continuation

11. Net Position

In the government-wide financial statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in three categories.

Net Investment in Capital Assets – This amount consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets, and adding back unspent proceeds.

Restricted Net Position – This amount is restricted by external creditors, grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments, enabling legislation, or constitutional provisions.

Unrestricted Net Position – This amount includes all net positions that do not meet the definition of “net investment in capital assets” or “restricted net position.”

12. Fund Balance Policies

When the County incurs an expenditure for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the County considers restricted funds to have been spent first, then unrestricted funds. When expenditures are incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the County considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds.

Committed fund balance amounts may be used for other purposes with appropriate action by the Commissioners’ Court to either modify or rescind a fund balance commitment. Commitments are typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget.

The County’s highest level of decision-making authority is the Commissioners’ Court. The Court has not yet delegated the authority to assign fund balance amounts to a specific individual nor does it have a policy to authorize the assignment of fund balances outside the Court.

13. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary Information

The County follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

1. Prior to September 1, the proposed budget is submitted to the Commissioners' Court.

Continued

LAMB COUNTY, TEXAS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 2 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY – Continuation

A. Budgetary Information – Continuation

2. The Commissioners' Court provides for a public hearing on the County budget subsequent to August 15, and prior to the levy of taxes by the Commissioners' Court.
3. Prior to October 1, the budget is legally adopted by order of the Commissioners' Court for the General Fund and all non-major special revenue funds.
4. The budget is prepared by fund and department with the legal level of control at the department level. Administrative control is maintained through the establishment of more detailed account or object class budgets within the departments. Emergency expenditures to meet unusual and unforeseen conditions which could not, by reasonable diligent thought and attention, have been included in the original budget, whereby total expenditures of a department have been increased must be authorized by the Court as emergency amendments to the original budget. Management may not amend the budget at any level without approval of the Commissioners' Court. The Court has the authority to make such changes in the budget, in its judgment of facts, the law warrant, and the interest of the taxpayers demand, provided the amounts budgeted for the current expenditures from the various funds for the County do not exceed appropriations, including fund balances from the prior fiscal periods. Amounts shown in the financial statements represent the original budget amounts and all supplemental appropriations. Supplemental appropriations to the original adopted budget are in the Final Budgeted Amounts column of the Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the General Fund.
5. The budget for the General is adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP on the modified accrual basis of accounting on an annual basis.
6. Formal budgetary integration on an annual basis is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund.
7. All appropriations, except those in grant funds, lapse at the end of the County's fiscal year and may be re-budgeted the next year.

LAMB COUNTY, TEXAS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Following is a reconciliation of the County's cash and deposit balances as of September 30, 2022:

Cash and deposit balances consist of:

Petty cash funds	\$ 400
Bank deposits	8,542,511
Total	\$ 8,542,911

Cash and deposit balances are reported in the basic financial statements as follows:

Government-wide Statement of Net Position:

Unrestricted	\$ 8,044,997
Fiduciary Funds Statement of Net Position	497,914

Total	\$ 8,542,911

Custodial credit risk – deposits. As of September 30, 2022, the carrying amount of the County's deposits with financial institutions was \$8,542,511 and the bank's balance was \$8,925,864. Of the bank balance, \$929,759 was insured through the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and the remaining \$7,996,105 was collateralized with securities held by the pledging institution's agent in the County's name.

Interest rate risk is the risk that adverse changes in interest rates will result in an adverse effect on the fair value of an investment. The County manages its exposure to interest rate risk by maintaining its cash in interest-bearing demand accounts, or in certificates of deposit with weighted average maturities of one year or less.

Credit risk is the risk that an insurer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. State law and County policy limit investments in local government pools to those rated no lower than AAA or an equivalent rating by at least one nationally recognized rating service.

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single insurer. As of September 30, 2022, 100% of the County's carrying value of cash was deposited with the County's depository bank and was adequately secured as described above.

NOTE 4 – PROPERTY TAX

The State of Texas Constitutional tax rate limit for both operations and debt service is \$.80 on each \$100 of assessed valuation. The tax rate on the 2021 tax roll was \$.7943 per \$100, which means that the County has a tax margin of \$.0057 per \$100 and could raise up to \$63,646 additional revenue from the 2021 assessed valuation of \$1,116,600,138 before the limit is reached.

Real and personal property values are assessed for the period January 1 to December 31, as of January 1 at which date property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property. Taxes are levied by October 1 of the current year and are collected from October 1 to June 30 of the following year. Payments received after February 1 are considered late and are subject to penalty and interest. Taxes become delinquent on July 1 of the following year.

LAMB COUNTY, TEXAS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 5 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets are recorded at cost or, if donated, at fair market value at the date of receipt. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 34, depreciation policies were adopted to include useful lives and classification by function. As stated earlier, the County has not opted to report its infrastructure retroactively.

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2022 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Transfers	Ending Balance
Governmental activities:					
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land and land improvements	\$ 35,290	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 35,290
Construction in process	277,991	94,830	-	(298,851)	73,970
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	313,281	94,830	-	(298,851)	109,260
Capital assets, being depreciated					
Buildings and improvements	13,455,713	140,950	-	298,851	13,895,514
Machinery and equipment	3,990,229	-	-	-	3,990,229
General equipment	1,754,161	16,286	-	-	1,770,447
Leased equipment	631,750	-	-	-	631,750
Vehicles	2,356,446	220,683	(569,461)	-	2,007,668
Total capital assets, being depreciated	22,188,299	377,919	(569,461)	298,851	22,295,608
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings and improvements	(8,279,878)	(325,297)	-	-	(8,605,175)
Machinery and equipment	(2,554,126)	(271,950)	-	-	(2,826,076)
General equipment	(1,455,586)	(56,500)	-	-	(1,512,086)
Leased equipment	(195,658)	(63,175)	-	-	(258,833)
Vehicles	(1,480,788)	(184,280)	385,751	-	(1,279,317)
Total accumulated depreciation	(13,966,036)	(901,202)	385,751	-	(14,481,487)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	8,222,263	(523,283)	(183,710)	298,851	7,814,121
Governmental activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 8,535,544</u>	<u>\$ (428,453)</u>	<u>\$ (183,710)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 7,923,381</u>

Continued

LAMB COUNTY, TEXAS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 5 – CAPITAL ASSETS – Continuation

Depreciation expense for the year ended September 30, 2022 was charged to the functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities	
General government	\$ 213,387
Judicial	35,240
Public safety	224,070
Public facilities	1,256
Road and bridge	427,249
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 901,202

NOTE 6 – RETIREMENT PLAN

Plan Description: Lamb County provides retirement and death benefits for all of its employees, except temporary employees through a nontraditional defined benefit pension plan in the statewide Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS). The Board of Trustees of TCDRS is responsible for the administration of the statewide agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system consisting of several nontraditional defined benefit pension plans. TCDRS in the aggregate issues a comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) on a calendar year basis. The CAFR is available upon written request from the TCDRS Board of Trustees at P.O. Box 2034, Austin, Texas 78768-2034 and is available at www.tcdrs.org.

Benefits Provided: The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the County (employer), within the options available in the Texas state statutes governing TCDRS (TCDRS Act). Members can retire at ages 60 and above with 8 or more years of service, with 30 years of service regardless of age, or when the sum of their age and years of service equals 75 or more. Members are vested after 8 years of service but must leave their accumulated contributions in the plan to receive any employer-financed benefit. Members who withdraw their personal contributions in a lump sum are not entitled to any amounts contributed by the County.

Benefit amounts are determined by the sum of the employee's contributions to the plan, with interest, and employer-financed monetary credits. The level of these monetary credits is adopted by the governing body of the County within the actuarial constraints imposed by the TCDRS Act so that the resulting benefits can be expected to be adequately financed by the employer's commitment to contribute. At retirement, death, or disability, the benefit is calculated by converting the sum of the employee's accumulated contributions and the employer-financed monetary credits to a monthly annuity using annuity purchase rates prescribed by the TCDRS Act.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms: At December 31, 2021, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	80
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	87
Active employees	92

Contributions: The County has elected the annually determined contribution rate (ADCR) plan provisions of the TCDRS Act. The plan is funded by monthly contributions from both employee members and the County based on the covered payroll of employee members. Under the TCDRS Act, the contribution rate of the County is actuarially determined annually.

Continued

LAMB COUNTY, TEXAS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 6 – RETIREMENT PLAN – Continuation

The County contributed using the actuarially determined rate of 12.84% with a supplemental rate of 1.19% for the months of the accounting year in 2021 and 12.44% with a supplemental rate of 1.59% for the months of the accounting year in 2022. The contribution rate payable by the employee members is 7.0% for fiscal year 2022 as adopted by the governing body of the County. The employee contribution rate and the employer contribution rate may be changed by the governing body of the County within the options available in the TCDRS Act.

Net Pension Liability: The County's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability or asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions: The total pension liability in the December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

The demographic assumptions were developed from an actuarial experience investigation of TCDRS over the years 2017 – 2020. They were recommended by Milliman and adopted by the TCDRS Board of Trustees in December of 2021. All economic assumptions were recommended by Milliman and adopted by the TCDRS Board of Trustees in March of 2021. These assumptions, except where required to be different by GASB 68, are used to determine the total pensions liability as of December 31, 2021. The assumptions are reviewed annually for continued compliance with the relevant actuarial standards of practice.

TCDRS system-wide economic assumptions:

Real rate of return	5.00%
Inflation	2.50%
Long-term investment return	7.50%

The assumed long-term investment return of 7.5% is net after investment and administrative expenses. It is assumed returns will equal the nominal annual rate of 7.5% for calculating the actuarial accrued liability and the normal cost contribution rate for the retirement plan of each participating employer.

The annual salary increase rates assumed for individual members vary by length of service and by entry-age group. The annual rates consist of a general wage inflation component of 3.00% (made up of 2.50% inflation and 0.5% productivity increase assumptions) and a merit, promotion and longevity component that on average approximates 1.7% per year for a career employee.

Employer-specific economic assumptions:

Growth in membership	0.00%
Payroll growth for funding calculations	3.00%

The payroll growth assumption is for the aggregate covered payroll of an employer.

Continued

LAMB COUNTY, TEXAS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 6 – RETIREMENT PLAN – Continuation

The long-term expected rate of return on TCDRS assets is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns, and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The capital market assumptions and information are provided by TCDRS' investment consultant, Cliffwater LLC. The numbers shown are based on January 2022 information for a 10-year time horizon.

Note that the valuation assumption for the long-term expected return is re-assessed in detail at a minimum of every four years, and is set based on a long-term time horizon. The TCDRS Board of Trustees adopted the current assumption at their March 2021 meeting. The assumption for the long-term expected return is reviewed annually for continued compliance with the relevant actuarial standards of practice. Milliman relies on the expertise of Cliffwater in this assessment.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Benchmark</u>	<u>Target Allocation (1)</u>	<u>Geometric Real Rate of Return (Expected Minus Inflation) (2)</u>
US Equities	Dow Jones U.S. Total Stock Market Index	11.50%	3.80%
Global Equities	MSCI World (net) Index	2.50%	4.10%
International Equities - Developed	MSCI World Ex USA (net) Index	5.00%	3.80%
International Equities - Emerging	MSCI Emerging Markets (net) Index	6.00%	4.30%
Investment-Grade Bonds	Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Aggregate Bond Index	3.00%	-0.85%
Strategic Credit	FTSE High-Yield Cash-Pay Capped Index	9.00%	1.77%
Direct Lending	S&P/LSTA Leveraged Loan Index	16.00%	6.25%
Distressed Debt	Cambridge Associates Distressed Securities Index (3)	4.00%	4.50%
REIT Equities	67% FTSE NAREIT Equity REITs Index + 33% S&P Global REIT (net) Index	2.00%	3.10%
Master Limited Partnerships (MLPs)	Alerian MLP Index	2.00%	3.85%
Private Real Estate Partnerships	Cambridge Associates Real Estate Index (4)	6.00%	5.10%
Private Equity	Cambridge Associates Global Private Equity & Venture Capital Index (5)	25.00%	6.80%
Hedge Funds	Hedge Fund Research, Inc. (HFRI) Funds of Funds Composite Index	6.00%	1.55%
Cash Equivalents	90-Day U.S. Treasury	2.00%	-1.05%

Continued

LAMB COUNTY, TEXAS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 6 – RETIREMENT PLAN – Continuation

- (1) Target asset allocation adopted at the March 2022 TCDRS Board Meeting.
- (2) Geometric real rates of return equal the expected return minus the assumed inflation rate of 2.6%, per Cliffwater's 2022 capital market assumptions.
- (3) Includes vintage years 2005-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.
- (4) Includes vintage years 2007-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.
- (5) Includes vintage years 2006-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

Discount Rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.60%. The discount rate is the single rate of return that, when applied to all projected benefit payments results in an actuarial present value of projected benefit payments equal to the total of the following:

1. The actuarial present value of benefit payments projected to be made in future periods in which (a) the amount of the pension plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be greater than the benefit payments that are projected to be made in that period and (b) pension plan assets up to that point are expected to be invested using a strategy to achieve the long-term rate of return, calculated using the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments.
2. The actuarial present value of projected benefit payments not included in (1), calculated using the municipal bond rate.

Therefore, if plan investments in a given future year are greater than projected benefit payments in that year and are invested such that they are expected to earn the long-term rate of return, the discount rate applied to projected benefit payments in that year should be the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments. If future years exist where this is not the case, then an index rate reflecting the yield on a 20-year, tax-exempt municipal bond should be used to discount the projected benefit payments for those years.

The determination of a future date when plan investments are not sufficient to pay projected benefit payments is often referred to as a depletion date projection. A depletion date projection compares projections of the pension plan's fiduciary net position to projected benefit payments and aims to determine a future date, if one exists, when the fiduciary net position is projected to be less than projected benefit payments. If an evaluation of the sufficiency of the projected fiduciary net position compared to projected benefit payments can be made with sufficient reliability without performing a depletion date projection, alternatives methods to determine sufficiency may be applied.

In order to determine the discount rate to be used by the employer we have used an alternative method to determine the sufficiency of the fiduciary net position in all future years. Our alternative method reflects the funding requirements under the employer's funding policy and the legal requirements under the TCDRS Act.

1. TCDRS has a funding policy where the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) shall be amortized as a level percent of pay over 20-year closed layered periods.
2. Under the TCDRS Act, the employer is legally required to make the contribution specified in the funding policy.
3. The employer's assets are projected to exceed its accrued liabilities in 20 years or less. When this point is reached, the employer is still required to contribute at least the normal cost.
4. Any increased cost due to the adoption of a COLA is required to be funded over a period of 15 years, if applicable.

Continued

LAMB COUNTY, TEXAS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 6 – RETIREMENT PLAN – Continuation

Based on the above, the projected fiduciary net position is determined to be sufficient compared to projected benefit payments. Based on the expected level of cash flows and investment returns to the system, the fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability is projected to increase from its current level in future years.

Since the projected fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay projected benefit payments in all future years, the discount rate for purposes of calculating the total pension liability and net pension liability of the employer is equal to the long-term assumed rate of return on investments. This long-term assumed rate of return should be net of investment expenses, but gross of administrative expenses for GASB 68 purposes. Therefore, we have used a discount rate of 7.60%. This rate reflects the long-term assumed rate of return on assets for funding purposes of 7.50%, net of all expenses, increased by 0.10% to be gross of administrative expenses.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability / (Asset):

	Total Pension Liability (a)	Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability / (Asset) (a) - (b)
Balances as of December 31, 2020	\$ 22,488,448	\$ 21,322,874	\$ 1,165,574
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	544,669	-	544,669
Interest on total pension liability (1)	1,700,207	-	1,700,207
Effect of plan changes (2)	-	-	-
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses	278,684	-	278,684
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs	(118,021)	-	(118,021)
Refund of contributions	(87,054)	(87,054)	-
Benefit payments	(1,261,576)	(1,261,576)	-
Administrative expenses	-	(13,782)	13,782
Member contributions	-	296,074	(296,074)
Net investment income	-	4,630,814	(4,630,814)
Employer contributions	-	593,416	(593,416)
Other (3)	-	(7,135)	7,135
Balances as of December 31, 2021	<u>\$ 23,545,357</u>	<u>\$ 25,473,631</u>	<u>\$ (1,928,274)</u>

(1) Reflects the change in the liability due to the time value of money. TCDRS does not charge fees or interest.

(2) No plan changes valued.

(3) Relates to allocation of system-wide items.

Continued

LAMB COUNTY, TEXAS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 6 – RETIREMENT PLAN – Continuation

Sensitivity of the net pension liability / (asset) to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the net pension liability of the County, calculated using the discount rate of 7.60%, as well as what the County's net pension liability / (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.60%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.60%) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease 6.60%	Current Discount Rate 7.60%	1% Increase 8.60%
Total pension liability	\$ 26,277,721	\$ 23,545,357	\$ 21,215,928
Fiduciary net position	<u>25,473,631</u>	<u>25,473,631</u>	<u>25,473,631</u>
Net pension liability / (asset)	<u>\$ 804,090</u>	<u>\$ (1,928,274)</u>	<u>\$ (4,257,703)</u>

Pension plan fiduciary net position: Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TCDRS financial report.

Pension Expense / (Income):

	January 1, 2021 to December 31, 2021
Service cost	\$ 544,669
Interest on total pension liability (1)	1,700,207
Effect of plan changes	-
Administrative expenses	13,782
Member contributions	(296,074)
Expected investment return net of investment expenses	(1,602,630)
Recognition of deferred inflows/outflows of resources	
Recognition of economic/demographic gains or losses	(97,057)
Recognition of assumption changes or inputs	346,740
Recognition of investment gains or losses	(836,482)
Other (2)	<u>7,135</u>
Pension expense / (income)	<u>\$ (219,710)</u>

(1) Reflects the change in the liability due to the time value of money. TCDRS does not charge fees or interest.

(2) Relates to allocation of system-wide items.

Continued

LAMB COUNTY, TEXAS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 6 – RETIREMENT PLAN – Continuation

Deferred Inflows / Outflows of Resources: As of September 30, 2022, the deferred inflows and outflows of resources are as follows:

	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 224,611	\$ 185,789
Changes of assumptions	78,681	386,081
Net difference between projected and actual earnings	2,919,304	-
Contributions made subsequent to measurement date	N/A	389,818

Amounts currently reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, excluding contributions made subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended December 31:

2022	\$ (419,374)
2023	(929,855)
2024	(695,861)
2025	(605,636)
2026	-
Thereafter	-

NOTE 7 – INTER-FUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

<u>Fund</u>	<u>Inter-fund Receivables</u>	<u>Inter-fund Payables</u>
General Fund	\$ 480,125	\$ -
Special Revenue:		
Healthcare Center - County	-	3,289,107
Road and Bridge - Precinct #1	-	2,010
Grants	-	164,651
VCLG Grant	-	5,001
Lamb County Leaf Grant	-	23,273
Juvenile Probation - State Aid	-	5,186
Proprietary Fund:		
Lamb County Hospital	3,289,107	280,004
	<u>\$ 3,769,232</u>	<u>\$ 3,769,232</u>

The primary purpose of inter-fund receivables and payables is the reimbursement to or from the General Fund for cash disbursements, as well as the cash funds being held by the County for the benefit of the Hospital.

Continued

LAMB COUNTY, TEXAS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 7 – INTER-FUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS – Continuation

Fund	Inter-fund Transfers In	Inter-fund Transfers Out
General Fund	\$ -	\$ 230,150
Special Revenue:		
Healthcare Center - County	-	1,230,820
Corona Virus Relief Fund	4,240	-
Juvenile Probation	225,910	-
Proprietary Fund:		
Lamb County Hospital	1,230,820	-
	<u>\$ 1,460,970</u>	<u>\$ 1,460,970</u>

The primary purpose for inter-fund transfers is to move revenues from the General Fund to finance various programs and operations in other funds as well as transferring the annual subsidy from the County to the Hospital.

NOTE 8 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The County has entered into multiple capital leases for road equipment. The interest rates range from 2.641% - 3.500%, with various maturity dates from the fiscal year ending September 30, 2023 to the fiscal year ending September 30, 2024.

Long-term liability activity for the year ended September 30, 2022, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental activities:					
Capital leases	\$ 383,389	\$ -	\$ (257,273)	\$ 126,116	\$ 103,625
Compensated absences	80,308	232,230	(230,495)	82,043	8,000
Governmental activity long-term liabilities	<u>\$ 463,697</u>	<u>\$ 232,230</u>	<u>\$ (487,768)</u>	<u>\$ 208,159</u>	<u>\$ 111,625</u>

The County incurred interest expense of \$7,055 during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022.

The annual debt service requirement on long-term liabilities outstanding as of September 30, 2022 is as follows:

Years Ending September 30,	Total	Capital Leases	
		Principal	Interest
2023	\$ 107,880	\$ 103,625	\$ 4,255
2024	23,085	22,491	594
	<u>\$ 130,965</u>	<u>\$ 126,116</u>	<u>\$ 4,849</u>

LAMB COUNTY, TEXAS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 10 – TAX ABATEMENTS

During the year ended September 30, 2016, Lamb County entered into a 10 year property tax abatement agreement with a business under the Texas Property Redevelopment and Tax Abatement Act. Under the Act, localities may grant tax abatement of up to 100 percent of a business' property tax bill for the purpose of attracting or retaining business within the jurisdictions. The abatement may be granted to any business located within or promising to relocate to Lamb County. To be eligible the Company agreed to construct improvements consisting of a wind power facility with a minimum of 10 megawatts and a currently anticipated capacity of 30 megawatts of overall Turbine Nameplate Capacity. The Chief Appraiser will determine the certified appraised value annually pursuant to the terms of the abatement under this agreement. The amount of the abatement will automatically be deducted from the property owner's tax bill. In the event of default the County shall use the certified appraised values which were abated to determine the taxes due, less any payments made at any time to the County. In addition to the commitments for eligibility the Company has agreed to make payments in lieu of taxes annually in the amount of \$2,000 per megawatt of turbine nameplate capacity during the abatement period. This resulted in payments in lieu of taxes for the current year of \$60,000.

During the year ended September 30, 2016, Lamb County entered into a 10 year property tax abatement agreement with a business under the Texas Property Redevelopment and Tax Abatement Act. Under the Act, localities may grant tax abatement of up to 100 percent of a business' property tax bill for the purpose of attracting or retaining business within the jurisdictions. The abatement may be granted to any business located within or promising to relocate to Lamb County. To be eligible the Company agreed to make certain improvements to be located on land within the reinvestment zone, with such improvements generally described as rehabilitation of existing structures, construction of new structures, and the installation of new equipment and infrastructure necessary to produce powdered milk and other dairy products. The Chief Appraiser will determine the certified appraised value annually pursuant to the terms of the abatement under this agreement. The amount of the abatement will automatically be deducted from the property owner's tax bill. In the event of default the County shall use the certified appraised values which were abated to determine the taxes due, less any payments made at any time to the County.

During the year ended September 30, 2019, Lamb County entered into a 10 year property tax abatement agreement with a business under the Texas Property Redevelopment and Tax Abatement Act. Under the Act, localities may grant tax abatement of up to 100 percent of a business' property tax bill for the purpose of attracting or retaining business within the jurisdictions. The abatement may be granted to any business located within or promising to relocate to Lamb County. To be eligible the Company agreed to construct a solar powered ground mounted electric generation facility capable of generating and transmitting approximately 500 megawatts of electricity, but in no event less than 300 megawatts of electricity. The Chief Appraiser will determine the certified appraised value annually pursuant to the terms of the abatement under this agreement. The amount of the abatement will automatically be deducted from the property owner's tax bill. In the event of default the County shall use the certified appraised values which were abated to determine the taxes due, less any payments made at any time to the County. As of September 30, 2022 the construction on this project has not been completed.

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, Lamb County abated property taxes totaling \$1,706,927 under this program, including the following tax abatement agreements:

- A 100 percent tax abatement to Blue Cloud Renewable Energy Project, LLC for eligible property in the reinvestment zone. The abatement amounted to \$150,348.
- A 100 percent tax abatement to Continental Dairy Facilities Southwest, LLC for eligible property in the reinvestment zone. The abatement amounted to \$1,556,579.

LAMB COUNTY, TEXAS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 11 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The County's major areas of risk management are: public officials', law enforcement, and automobile liability, general comprehensive liability and property damage, workers' compensation, and employee health insurance. The County has obtained insurance with an insurance company and a public entity risk pool in which all risk is transferred to those entities for all the above areas. The County pays a deductible per incident except on the employee health insurance in which the deductible is the responsibility of the employee. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year and settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current year or the previous three years.

NOTE 12 – PRIOR PERIOD RESTATEMENT

During the previous year the County erroneously reported the Sheriff LEOSE Training fund as a portion of the Sheriff's office custodial funds. The fund should have been reported as a special revenue fund of the County. During the current fiscal year the error was corrected resulting in fund balance and net position both increasing by \$15,896.

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**REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
(UNAUDITED)**

**LAMB COUNTY, TEXAS
GENERAL
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022**

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance With
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget
REVENUES				
Property taxes	\$ 6,053,340	\$ 6,053,340	\$ 6,004,969	\$ (48,371)
Payments in lieu of taxes	60,000	60,000	60,000	-
Mixed beverage taxes	-	-	2,903	2,903
Licenses and fees	428,350	428,350	301,347	(127,003)
Fines and forfeitures	1,000	1,000	32,980	31,980
Intergovernmental	74,925	74,925	91,386	16,461
Investment earnings	35,000	35,000	46,812	11,812
Miscellaneous	79,500	79,500	233,532	154,032
Total revenues	6,732,115	6,732,115	6,773,929	41,814
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Administrative				
County Judge	195,257	195,257	185,163	10,094
County Auditor	193,130	212,130	184,407	27,723
County Clerk	243,682	293,682	279,981	13,701
County Tax Assessor/Collector	240,221	240,221	220,680	19,541
County Treasurer	190,996	190,996	151,172	39,824
Non-departmental	840,483	727,540	686,000	41,540
Information services	222,606	222,606	161,238	61,368
Total administrative	2,126,375	2,082,432	1,868,641	213,791
Judicial				
District Judge	278,155	278,155	162,335	115,820
Justice of the Peace, #1	69,068	69,068	65,036	4,032
Justice of the Peace, #2	68,018	68,018	67,000	1,018
Justice of the Peace, #3	151,019	151,019	142,666	8,353
Justice of the Peace, #4	78,728	78,728	77,336	1,392
County Attorney	194,968	194,968	166,456	28,512
District Clerk	201,938	211,736	211,175	561
Total judicial	1,041,894	1,051,692	892,004	159,688
Public facilities				
Littlefield Library	162,279	162,279	136,570	25,709
Olton Library	159,775	159,775	136,863	22,912
Maintenance	158,563	184,588	168,773	15,815
Littlefield Ag Center	32,000	34,837	34,440	397
Olton Community Center	10,400	10,400	6,578	3,822
Total public facilities	523,017	551,879	483,224	68,655

Continued

**LAMB COUNTY, TEXAS
GENERAL
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022**

Continuation	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts	Variance With Final Budget
	Original	Final		
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Public safety				
Sheriff's department	\$ 1,675,782	\$ 1,675,782	\$ 1,321,394	\$ 354,388
Jail	1,073,062	1,073,062	1,033,236	39,826
General public safety	326,200	326,200	300,800	25,400
Total public safety	3,075,044	3,075,044	2,655,430	419,614
Public service				
Vet & Welfare	88,117	88,117	84,618	3,499
Adult probation department	2,000	2,000	1,018	982
Ag Extension Office	108,609	108,609	77,959	30,650
Total public service	198,726	198,726	163,595	35,131
Capital outlay	382,200	381,183	292,295	88,888
Total expenditures	7,347,256	7,340,956	6,355,189	985,767
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(615,141)	(608,841)	418,740	1,027,581
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Proceeds from sale of assets	-	-	26,500	26,500
Transfers out	(381,222)	(381,222)	(230,150)	151,072
Total other financing sources / (uses)	(381,222)	(381,222)	(203,650)	177,572
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(996,363)	(990,063)	215,090	1,205,153
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	1,651,336	1,651,336	1,651,336	-
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 654,973	\$ 661,273	\$ 1,866,426	\$ 1,205,153

LAMB COUNTY, TEXAS
TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM
SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS
Last 10 Years (will ultimately be displayed)

	Year Ended December 31,			
	2021	2020	2019	2018
Total Pension Liability:				
Service cost	\$ 544,669	\$ 529,219	\$ 481,854	\$ 488,595
Interest on total pension liability	1,700,207	1,678,657	1,611,324	1,510,877
Effect of plan changes	-	-	-	72,232
Effect of assumption changes or inputs	(118,021)	1,158,241	-	-
Effect of economic/demographic (gains) or losses	278,684	(506,363)	(223,296)	138,640
Benefit payments/refunds of contributions	(1,348,630)	(1,110,884)	(1,061,998)	(868,794)
Net change in total pension liability	1,056,909	1,748,870	807,884	1,341,550
Total pension liability, beginning	22,488,448	20,739,578	19,931,694	18,590,144
Total pension liability, ending (a)	<u>\$ 23,545,357</u>	<u>\$ 22,488,448</u>	<u>\$ 20,739,578</u>	<u>\$ 19,931,694</u>
Fiduciary Net Position:				
Employer contributions	\$ 593,416	\$ 526,708	\$ 503,757	\$ 541,812
Member contributions	296,074	262,791	277,444	256,031
Investment income net of investment expenses	4,630,814	2,028,206	2,813,159	(327,584)
Benefit payments/refunds of contributions	(1,348,630)	(1,110,884)	(1,061,998)	(868,794)
Administrative expenses	(13,782)	(15,602)	(14,966)	(13,758)
Other	(7,135)	(7,565)	(6,877)	(352)
Net change in fiduciary net position	4,150,757	1,683,654	2,510,519	(412,645)
Fiduciary net position, beginning	21,322,874	19,639,220	17,128,701	17,541,346
Fiduciary net position, ending (b)	<u>\$ 25,473,631</u>	<u>\$ 21,322,874</u>	<u>\$ 19,639,220</u>	<u>\$ 17,128,701</u>
Net pension liability / (asset), ending = (a) - (b)	<u>\$ (1,928,274)</u>	<u>\$ 1,165,574</u>	<u>\$ 1,100,358</u>	<u>\$ 2,802,993</u>
Fiduciary net position as a % of total pension liability	108.19%	94.82%	94.69%	85.94%
Pensionable covered payroll	\$ 4,229,632	\$ 3,754,159	\$ 3,963,488	\$ 3,657,581
Net pension liability as a % of covered payroll	-45.59%	31.05%	27.76%	76.64%

Year Ended December 31,					
2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
\$ 522,204	\$ 508,187	\$ 457,052	\$ 485,206	\$ N/A	\$ N/A
1,411,619	1,330,784	1,271,258	1,202,686	N/A	N/A
-	-	(54,066)	-	N/A	N/A
113,871	-	186,976	-	N/A	N/A
95,217	(242,491)	(223,636)	(86,320)	N/A	N/A
(898,431)	(845,743)	(878,811)	(736,690)	N/A	N/A
1,244,480	750,737	758,773	864,882	N/A	N/A
17,345,664	16,594,927	15,836,154	14,971,272	N/A	N/A
<u>\$ 18,590,144</u>	<u>\$ 17,345,664</u>	<u>\$ 16,594,927</u>	<u>\$ 15,836,154</u>	<u>\$ N/A</u>	<u>\$ N/A</u>
\$ 462,119	\$ 455,608	\$ 443,804	\$ 428,314	\$ N/A	\$ N/A
256,327	254,410	247,222	240,242	N/A	N/A
2,256,501	1,084,504	47,906	952,041	N/A	N/A
(898,431)	(845,743)	(878,811)	(736,690)	N/A	N/A
(11,666)	(11,793)	(10,584)	(11,010)	N/A	N/A
(2,522)	(115,591)	54,941	50,543	N/A	N/A
2,062,328	821,395	(95,522)	923,440	N/A	N/A
15,479,018	14,657,623	14,753,145	13,829,705	N/A	N/A
<u>\$ 17,541,346</u>	<u>\$ 15,479,018</u>	<u>\$ 14,657,623</u>	<u>\$ 14,753,145</u>	<u>\$ N/A</u>	<u>\$ N/A</u>
<u>\$ 1,048,798</u>	<u>\$ 1,866,646</u>	<u>\$ 1,937,304</u>	<u>\$ 1,083,009</u>	<u>\$ N/A</u>	<u>\$ N/A</u>
94.36%	89.24%	88.33%	93.16%	N/A	N/A
\$ 3,661,813	\$ 3,618,804	\$ 3,531,748	\$ 3,432,025	\$ N/A	\$ N/A
28.64%	51.58%	54.85%	31.56%	N/A	N/A

LAMB COUNTY, TEXAS
TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM
SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS
Last 10 Fiscal Years (will ultimately be displayed)

Year Ending September 30:	Actuarially Determined Contribution	Actual Employer Contribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Pensionable Covered Payroll	Actual Contribution as a % of Covered Payroll
2015	\$ 450,853	\$ 450,853	\$ -	\$ 3,612,621	12.5%
2016	452,144	452,144	-	3,567,716	12.7%
2017	467,343	467,343	-	3,703,196	12.6%
2018	456,961	456,961	-	3,620,927	12.6%
2019	481,962	481,962	-	3,798,154	12.7%
2020	516,887	516,887	-	3,751,138	13.8%
2021	490,861	523,249	(32,388)	3,729,503	14.0%
2022	539,257	601,379	(62,122)	4,286,379	14.0%

LAMB COUNTY, TEXAS
TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM
SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS
Last 10 Fiscal Years (will ultimately be displayed)

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation Date	Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated each December 31, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which the contributions are reported.
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Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age (level percentage of pay)
Amortization Method	Level percentage of payroll, closed
Remaining Amortization Period	9.4 years (based on contribution rate calculated in 12/31/2021 valuation)
Asset Valuation Method	5-year smoothed market
Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	Varies by age and service. 4.7% average over career including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.50%, net of administrative and investment expenses, including inflation
Retirement age	Members who are eligible for service retirement are assumed to commence receiving benefit payments based on age. The average age at service retirement for recent retirees is 61.
Mortality	135% of the PUB-2010 General Retirees Table for males and 120% of the PUB-2010 General Retirees Table for females, both projected with 100% of the MP-2021 Ultimate scale after 2010.
Changes in Assumptions and Methods Reflected in the Schedule of Employer Contributions	2015: New inflation, mortality and other assumptions were reflected. 2017: New mortality assumptions were reflected. 2019: New inflation, mortality and other assumptions were reflected.
Changes in Plan Provisions Reflected in the Schedule of Employer Contributions	2015: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule. 2016: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule. 2017: New Annuity Purchase Rates were reflected for benefits earned after 2017. 2018: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule. 2019: Employer contributions reflect that a 1% flat COLA was adopted. 2020: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule. 2021: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule.

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OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

The Special Revenue Funds account for the proceeds of specific sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Road and Bridge Precincts – The Road and Bridge Precinct Funds accounts for the revenues derived from property taxes and license fees levied for purposes of road and bridge expenditures.

Bail Bond Board – The Bail Bond Board Fund accounts for the resources used to supervise and regulate each phase of the bonding process in Lamb County pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 1704, Texas Occupation Code.

Jury – The Jury Fund accounts for revenues and expenditures for juries at a County Court. This constitutional fund is financed by a designated part of the annual property tax levy.

Grants/Library Grants – The various grant funds account for the receipt and expenditure of grant and donation funds. The funds are restricted to the various purposes as designated by each granting authority or individual donor.

Child Abuse Prevention and Family Protection – The Child Abuse Prevention and Family Protection Fund accounts for statutory fees collected by the District Clerk at the time a suit for dissolution of marriage is filed. The fees are dedicated by law to be expended for family violence and child abuse prevention, intervention, strengthening, mental health, counseling, legal and marriage preservation services to families that are at risk of experiencing or that have experienced family violence or the abuse or neglect of a child.

Courthouse Security – The Courthouse Security Fund accounts for fees collected by the County and District Clerks from all defendants convicted of an offense. The fees are dedicated by law to be used to fund and support security systems and personnel within the District or County.

Records Preservation – The Records Preservation Funds account for fees collected by the County and District Clerks after the filing and recording of a document in the records offices of the Clerks. The fees are dedicated by law to be used for specific records management and preservation purposes in the County.

County and District Court Technology – The County and District Court Technology fund accounts for fees collected from all defendants convicted in the County or District Court. The fees are dedicated by law to be expended only for the costs of continuing education for county and district judges and clerks regarding technological enhancements for justice courts and the costs of those enhancements.

JP Technology – The JP Technology Fund accounts for fees collected by the County Clerk from all defendants convicted of a misdemeanor offense in a Justice Court. The fees are dedicated by law to be expended only for the costs of continuing education for justice court judges and clerks regarding technological enhancements for justice courts and the costs of those enhancements.

JP Security – The JP Security Fund accounts for fees collected by the County and District Clerks from all defendants convicted of an offense. The fees are dedicated by law to be used to fund and support security systems and personnel within the Justice Courts.

County Clerk Election Administration – The County Clerk Election Administration Fund accounts for fees and expenditures incurred by the County to update and maintain the election equipment and supplies.

County and District Clerk Records Archive – The County Clerk and District Clerk Records Archive Funds account for fees collected by both the County and District Clerks for the recording or filing of public documents. The fees are dedicated by law to be expended only for the preservation and restoration of the County and District Clerk's records archive.

HAVA Grants – The HAVA Grants Fund accounts for grants received from the Help Americans Vote Act. The revenues are to be used to pay only those expenses related to elections.

Tax A/C Voter Registration – The Tax A/C Voter Registration Fund accounts for state allocated funds issued to voter registrars in Texas. The funds are dedicated by law to be used to help defray the County’s voter registration expenses.

VCLG Grant – The VCLG Grant Fund accounts for grants funds received to operate a Victim Coordinator and Liaison program. The funds are restricted for the purpose of the prosecutor’s office fulfilling the duties imposed in the Texas Code of Criminal Procedures, Article 56.02, as well as promoting and educating the community and other professionals about victim rights and services in an effort to identify crime victims and provide or refer them to needed services.

Pretrial Diversion – The Pretrial Diversion Fund accounts for fees charged to any defendant willing to participate in a pretrial intervention program. The fees are dedicated by law to be used to administer and maintain the pretrial diversion programs.

DWI Video – The DWI Video Fund accounts for fees charged to any defendant appearing on a drug or alcohol related offense. The fees are dedicated by law to be used administer and maintain a drug and alcohol driving awareness program.

County Attorney Drug Forfeiture – The County Attorney Drug Forfeiture Fund accounts for the assets and proceeds from the disposition of assets used in the commission of criminal activity and subsequently seized by law enforcement officers. The funds are dedicated by law to be used solely for law enforcement purposes.

County Attorney Hot Check Fee – The County Attorney Hot Check Fee Fund accounts for fees collected by the County Attorney for every hot check processed through his office. The fees are dedicated by law to be used at the sole discretion of the County Attorney to defray the salaries and expenses of the prosecutor’s office.

Sheriff Commissary – The Sheriff Commissary Fund accounts for the proceeds received by the Sheriff’s office from incarcerated persons on the sale of commissary items. The funds are restricted by law to be used to maintain the commissary and for the benefit of the Sheriff’s Department.

Sheriff Forfeiture – State – The Sheriff Forfeiture – State Fund accounts for the assets and proceeds from the disposition of assets used in the commission of criminal activity and subsequently seized by the office of the County Sheriff. The funds are dedicated by law to be used solely for law enforcement purposes.

County Libraries – The County Library Funds accounts for funds received from fees from operations of the libraries. The fees are committed by the Commissioners’ Court to be retained and used for continued operations of the libraries in Littlefield and Olton.

Corona Virus Relief – The Corona Virus Relief Fund accounts for grants received through federal agencies and passed through the State of Texas. The pass-thru grants were used to reimburse the County for incurred costs as well as the purchase of qualified equipment related to the COVID-19 pandemic.

Juvenile Probation/Title IV-E – The Juvenile Probation and Title IV-E Funds account for grants received from the Texas Juvenile Probation Commission for providing juvenile probation services.

Lamb County Leaf Grant – The Lamb County Leaf Grant Fund accounts for funds received from the Llano Estacado Alliance for Families. The funds are restricted by the grantors to promote and provide a community and cultural framework of hope, with the goal of enabling children to make healthy choices through the education of parents, youth, and the general population about the risks of substance abuse and the benefits of good health.

Prosecutor Fee – The Prosecutor Fee Funds accounts for court costs assessed upon the conviction of any misdemeanor or any “gambling offense” tried by the County or District Attorney. The fees are dedicated by law to reimburse the prosecutor’s office for the costs of trying such cases.

Sheriff LEOSE Education – The Sheriff LEOSE Education Funds accounts for funds received from the State of Texas on behalf of the Sheriff. The funds are dedicated by law for use of continuing education of law enforcement personnel.

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Court Facility – The Court Facility Fund accounts for fees collected by all defendants convicted in the County or District Court. The fees are dedicated by law to be expended only to fund the construction, renovation, or improvement of facilities that house the courts or pay the principal of, interest on, and costs of issuance of bonds, including refunding bonds, issued for the construction, renovation, or improvement of the facilities.

Law Library – The Law Library fund accounts for statutory fees collected in civil cases filed in County and District Courts. These fees are dedicated by law to provide and maintain a County law Library.

Court Reporter – The Court Reporter Fund accounts for fees collected by all defendants convicted in the County or District Court. The fees are dedicated by law to be used to maintain a court reporter who is available for assignment in the court.

Court Guardianship – The Court Guardianship Fund accounts for fees collected by all defendants convicted in the County or District Court. The fees are dedicated by law to supplement other available funds to pay the compensation of a guardian ad litem appointed by the Court, pay the compensation of an attorney ad litem appointed by the court, and fund local guardianship programs that provide guardians for indigent incapacitated persons.

Judicial Education and Support – The Judicial Education and Support Fund accounts for fees collected by all defendants convicted in the County or District Court. The fees are dedicated by law to pay the continuing education of the judge and staff of the probate court or pay the county's contribution to fund the compensation for the presiding judge of the statutory probate court.

Justice of the Peace Fees – The Justice of the Peace Fee Funds account for fees assessed upon conviction in the justice courts. The fees are dedicated by law to support the costs of maintaining the Justice of the Peace offices.

DEBT SERVICE FUND

The Debt Service Fund accounts for the accumulation and disbursement of resources associated with the County's debt obligations. Property taxes and interest income provide the resources necessary to pay the annual principal and interest payments.

LAMB COUNTY, TEXAS
COMBINING BALANCE SHEET
NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Road and Bridge - Precinct #1	Road and Bridge - Precinct #2	Road and Bridge - Precinct #3	Road and Bridge - Precinct #4
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ -	\$ 230,781	\$ 77,726	\$ 318,659
Accounts receivable, net	-	-	-	-
Prepaid expenses	<u>3,013</u>	<u>2,991</u>	<u>2,604</u>	<u>3,203</u>
Total assets	<u>\$ 3,013</u>	<u>\$ 233,772</u>	<u>\$ 80,330</u>	<u>\$ 321,862</u>
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$ 34,454	\$ 28,130	\$ 36,672	\$ 31,498
Due to other funds	2,010	-	-	-
Accrued liabilities	<u>1,124</u>	<u>18</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total liabilities	<u>37,588</u>	<u>28,148</u>	<u>36,672</u>	<u>31,498</u>
FUND BALANCES				
Non-spendable:				
Prepaid items	3,013	2,991	2,604	3,203
Restricted:				
By enabling legislation	-	-	-	-
Debt service	-	-	-	-
Committed for:				
Special projects	-	202,633	41,054	287,161
Unassigned (deficit)	<u>(37,588)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total fund balances	<u>(34,575)</u>	<u>205,624</u>	<u>43,658</u>	<u>290,364</u>
Total liabilities and fund balances	<u>\$ 3,013</u>	<u>\$ 233,772</u>	<u>\$ 80,330</u>	<u>\$ 321,862</u>

Bail Bond Board	Jury	Grants	Library Grants	Child Abuse Prevention and Family Protection	Courthouse Security
\$ 7,362	\$ 30,363	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,940	\$ 30,450
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>\$ 7,362</u>	<u>\$ 30,363</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 6,940</u>	<u>\$ 30,450</u>
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
-	-	164,651	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	164,651	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	30,363	-	-	6,940	30,450
-	-	-	-	-	-
7,362	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	(164,651)	-	-	-
<u>7,362</u>	<u>30,363</u>	<u>(164,651)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>6,940</u>	<u>30,450</u>
<u>\$ 7,362</u>	<u>\$ 30,363</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 6,940</u>	<u>\$ 30,450</u>

Continued

LAMB COUNTY, TEXAS
COMBINING BALANCE SHEET
NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Continuation

	Commissioners' Court Records Preservation	County Clerk Records Preservation	District Clerk Records Preservation	County and District Technology
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,321	\$ 46,674	\$ 2,547	\$ 4,129
Accounts receivable, net	-	51	-	-
Prepaid expenses	-	-	-	-
Total assets	<u>\$ 5,321</u>	<u>\$ 46,725</u>	<u>\$ 2,547</u>	<u>\$ 4,129</u>
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ 415	\$ -	\$ -
Due to other funds	-	-	-	-
Accrued liabilities	-	-	-	-
Total liabilities	-	415	-	-
FUND BALANCES				
Non-spendable:				
Prepaid items	-	-	-	-
Restricted:				
By enabling legislation	5,321	46,310	2,547	4,129
Debt service	-	-	-	-
Committed for:				
Special projects	-	-	-	-
Unassigned (deficit)	-	-	-	-
Total fund balances	<u>5,321</u>	<u>46,310</u>	<u>2,547</u>	<u>4,129</u>
Total liabilities and fund balances	<u>\$ 5,321</u>	<u>\$ 46,725</u>	<u>\$ 2,547</u>	<u>\$ 4,129</u>

District Courts Technology and Archive	JP Technology	JP Security	County Clerk Election Administration	County Clerk Election Administration	County Clerk Records Archive
\$ 7,916	\$ 842	\$ 6,085	\$ 107	\$ 125,377	\$ 2,647
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>\$ 7,916</u>	<u>\$ 842</u>	<u>\$ 6,085</u>	<u>\$ 107</u>	<u>\$ 125,377</u>	<u>\$ 2,647</u>
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
7,916	842	6,085	107	125,377	2,647
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>7,916</u>	<u>842</u>	<u>6,085</u>	<u>107</u>	<u>125,377</u>	<u>2,647</u>
<u>\$ 7,916</u>	<u>\$ 842</u>	<u>\$ 6,085</u>	<u>\$ 107</u>	<u>\$ 125,377</u>	<u>\$ 2,647</u>

Continued

LAMB COUNTY, TEXAS
COMBINING BALANCE SHEET
NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Continuation

	<u>HAVA Grants</u>	<u>District Clerk Records Archive</u>	<u>Tax A/C Voter Registration</u>	<u>VCLG Grant</u>
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,508	\$ 4,044	\$ 1,686	\$ -
Accounts receivable, net	-	-	-	6,763
Prepaid expenses	-	-	-	-
Total assets	<u>\$ 1,508</u>	<u>\$ 4,044</u>	<u>\$ 1,686</u>	<u>\$ 6,763</u>
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,798
Due to other funds	-	-	-	5,001
Accrued liabilities	-	-	-	-
Total liabilities	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>6,799</u>
FUND BALANCES				
Non-spendable:				
Prepaid items	-	-	-	-
Restricted:				
By enabling legislation	1,508	4,044	1,686	-
Debt service	-	-	-	-
Committed for:				
Special projects	-	-	-	-
Unassigned (deficit)	-	-	-	(36)
Total fund balances	<u>1,508</u>	<u>4,044</u>	<u>1,686</u>	<u>(36)</u>
Total liabilities and fund balances	<u>\$ 1,508</u>	<u>\$ 4,044</u>	<u>\$ 1,686</u>	<u>\$ 6,763</u>

Pre-trial Diversion	DWI Video	County Attorney Drug Forfeiture	County Attorney Hot Check Fee	Sheriff Commissary	Sheriff Forefeiture - State
\$ 83,734	\$ 4,187	\$ 39,312	\$ 4,138	\$ 56,606	\$ 67,991
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>\$ 83,734</u>	<u>\$ 4,187</u>	<u>\$ 39,312</u>	<u>\$ 4,138</u>	<u>\$ 56,606</u>	<u>\$ 67,991</u>
\$ 793	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>793</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
-	-	-	-	-	-
82,941	4,187	39,312	4,138	56,606	67,991
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>82,941</u>	<u>4,187</u>	<u>39,312</u>	<u>4,138</u>	<u>56,606</u>	<u>67,991</u>
<u>\$ 83,734</u>	<u>\$ 4,187</u>	<u>\$ 39,312</u>	<u>\$ 4,138</u>	<u>\$ 56,606</u>	<u>\$ 67,991</u>

Continued

LAMB COUNTY, TEXAS
COMBINING BALANCE SHEET
NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Continuation

	County Library - Littlefield	County Library - Olton	Corona Virus Relief Fund	Juvenile Probation
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 14,895	\$ 3,127	\$ -	\$ 11,203
Accounts receivable, net	-	-	-	-
Prepaid expenses	-	-	-	-
Total assets	<u>\$ 14,895</u>	<u>\$ 3,127</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 11,203</u>
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$ 507	\$ 275	\$ -	\$ 11,203
Due to other funds	-	-	-	-
Accrued liabilities	-	-	-	-
Total liabilities	<u>507</u>	<u>275</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>11,203</u>
FUND BALANCES				
Non-spendable:				
Prepaid items	-	-	-	-
Restricted:				
By enabling legislation	-	-	-	-
Debt service	-	-	-	-
Committed for:				
Special projects	14,388	2,852	-	-
Unassigned (deficit)	-	-	-	-
Total fund balances	<u>14,388</u>	<u>2,852</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total liabilities and fund balances	<u>\$ 14,895</u>	<u>\$ 3,127</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 11,203</u>

Title IV-E	Lamb County Leaf Grant	Juvenile Probation - State Aid	Prosecutor Fee	Sheriff LEOSE Education	Court Facility
\$ 26,014	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 253	\$ 16,052	\$ 2,100
-	35,958	12,438	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>\$ 26,014</u>	<u>\$ 35,958</u>	<u>\$ 12,438</u>	<u>\$ 253</u>	<u>\$ 16,052</u>	<u>\$ 2,100</u>
\$ -	\$ 12,685	\$ 12,079	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
-	23,273	5,186	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	35,958	17,265	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
26,014	-	-	253	16,052	2,100
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	(4,827)	-	-	-
<u>26,014</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(4,827)</u>	<u>253</u>	<u>16,052</u>	<u>2,100</u>
<u>\$ 26,014</u>	<u>\$ 35,958</u>	<u>\$ 12,438</u>	<u>\$ 253</u>	<u>\$ 16,052</u>	<u>\$ 2,100</u>

Continued

**LAMB COUNTY, TEXAS
COMBINING BALANCE SHEET
NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2022**

Continuation

	<u>Law Library</u>	<u>Court Reporter</u>	<u>Court Guardianship</u>	<u>Judicial Education and Support</u>
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,364	\$ 2,814	\$ 1,380	\$ 230
Accounts receivable, net	-	-	-	-
Prepaid expenses	-	-	-	-
	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total assets	<u>\$ 3,364</u>	<u>\$ 2,814</u>	<u>\$ 1,380</u>	<u>\$ 230</u>
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Due to other funds	-	-	-	-
Accrued liabilities	-	-	-	-
	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total liabilities	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
FUND BALANCES				
Non-spendable:				
Prepaid items	-	-	-	-
Restricted:				
By enabling legislation	3,364	2,814	1,380	230
Debt service	-	-	-	-
Committed for:				
Special projects	-	-	-	-
Unassigned (deficit)	-	-	-	-
	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total fund balances	<u>3,364</u>	<u>2,814</u>	<u>1,380</u>	<u>230</u>
Total liabilities and fund balances	<u>\$ 3,364</u>	<u>\$ 2,814</u>	<u>\$ 1,380</u>	<u>\$ 230</u>

Justice of the Peace - Precinct 1 Fees	Justice of the Peace - Precinct 2 Fees	Justice of the Peace - Precinct 3 Fees	Justice of the Peace - Precinct 4 Fees	Debt Service	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds
\$ 400	\$ 400	\$ 1,200	\$ 450	\$ 63	\$ 1,251,077
-	-	-	-	-	55,210
-	-	-	-	-	11,811
<u>\$ 400</u>	<u>\$ 400</u>	<u>\$ 1,200</u>	<u>\$ 450</u>	<u>\$ 63</u>	<u>\$ 1,318,098</u>
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 170,509
-	-	-	-	-	200,121
-	-	-	-	-	1,142
-	-	-	-	-	371,772
-	-	-	-	-	11,811
400	400	1,200	450	-	586,104
-	-	-	-	63	63
-	-	-	-	-	555,450
-	-	-	-	-	(207,102)
<u>400</u>	<u>400</u>	<u>1,200</u>	<u>450</u>	<u>63</u>	<u>946,326</u>
<u>\$ 400</u>	<u>\$ 400</u>	<u>\$ 1,200</u>	<u>\$ 450</u>	<u>\$ 63</u>	<u>\$ 1,318,098</u>

LAMB COUNTY, TEXAS
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Road and Bridge - Precinct #1	Road and Bridge - Precinct #2	Road and Bridge - Precinct #3	Road and Bridge - Precinct #4
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 351,360	\$ 351,360	\$ 351,360	\$ 351,360
Licenses and fees	126,596	126,595	126,596	126,595
Fines and forfeitures	343	332	332	332
Intergovernmental	32,965	32,965	32,965	32,965
Interest	1,514	3,513	2,173	5,175
Miscellaneous	152	2,695	489	716
Total revenues	<u>512,930</u>	<u>517,460</u>	<u>513,915</u>	<u>517,143</u>
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Administrative	-	-	-	-
Judicial	-	-	-	-
Public facilities	-	-	-	-
Public safety	-	-	-	-
Road and bridge	484,326	332,908	454,667	430,759
Public service	-	-	-	-
Debt service:				
Principal	64,944	85,546	54,917	51,866
Interest	5,285	4,037	2,038	206
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-
Total expenditures	<u>554,555</u>	<u>422,491</u>	<u>511,622</u>	<u>482,831</u>
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	<u>(41,625)</u>	<u>94,969</u>	<u>2,293</u>	<u>34,312</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES / (USES)				
Transfers in	-	-	-	-
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES / (USES)	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	<u>(41,625)</u>	<u>94,969</u>	<u>2,293</u>	<u>34,312</u>
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING (DEFICIT)	<u>7,050</u>	<u>110,655</u>	<u>41,365</u>	<u>256,052</u>
PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING, AS RESTATED (DEFICIT)	<u>7,050</u>	<u>110,655</u>	<u>41,365</u>	<u>256,052</u>
FUND BALANCES - ENDING (DEFICIT)	<u><u>\$ (34,575)</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 205,624</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 43,658</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 290,364</u></u>

Bail Bond Board	Jury	Grants	Library Grants	Child Abuse Prevention and Family Protection	Courthouse Security
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
-	1,022	-	-	165	7,272
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	2,822	-	-	-	-
98	393	-	-	-	381
-	-	-	-	-	-
98	4,237	-	-	165	7,653
-	-	-	-	-	4,422
-	2,481	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	151	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	2,481	-	151	-	4,422
98	1,756	-	(151)	165	3,231
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
98	1,756	-	(151)	165	3,231
7,264	28,607	(164,651)	151	6,775	27,219
-	-	-	-	-	-
7,264	28,607	(164,651)	151	6,775	27,219
\$ 7,362	\$ 30,363	\$ (164,651)	\$ -	\$ 6,940	\$ 30,450

Continued

LAMB COUNTY, TEXAS
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Continuation

	Commissioners' Court Records Preservation	County Clerk Records Preservation	District Clerk Records Preservation	County and District Technology
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Licenses and fees	1,789	26,599	2,289	184
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-
Interest	92	629	19	54
Miscellaneous	-	2,884	-	-
Total revenues	<u>1,881</u>	<u>30,112</u>	<u>2,308</u>	<u>238</u>
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Administrative	-	20,913	-	-
Judicial	5,436	-	443	-
Public facilities	-	-	-	-
Public safety	-	-	-	-
Road and bridge	-	-	-	-
Public service	-	-	-	-
Debt service:				
Principal	-	-	-	-
Interest	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-
Total expenditures	<u>5,436</u>	<u>20,913</u>	<u>443</u>	<u>-</u>
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(3,555)	9,199	1,865	238
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES / (USES)				
Transfers in	-	-	-	-
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES / (USES)	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	<u>(3,555)</u>	<u>9,199</u>	<u>1,865</u>	<u>238</u>
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING (DEFICIT)	8,876	37,111	682	3,891
PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING, AS RESTATED (DEFICIT)	<u>8,876</u>	<u>37,111</u>	<u>682</u>	<u>3,891</u>
FUND BALANCES - ENDING (DEFICIT)	<u><u>\$ 5,321</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 46,310</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 2,547</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 4,129</u></u>

District Courts Technology and Archive	JP Technology	JP Security	County Clerk Election Administration	County Clerk Records Archive	County Clerk Records Archive
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
388	2,543	773	-	24,143	2,625
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
105	15	113	1	1,558	22
-	-	-	-	-	-
493	2,558	886	1	25,701	2,647
-	-	-	-	-	-
327	4,457	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	9,000	-	-	-
327	4,457	9,000	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
166	(1,899)	(8,114)	1	25,701	2,647
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
166	(1,899)	(8,114)	1	25,701	2,647
7,750	2,741	14,199	106	99,676	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
7,750	2,741	14,199	106	99,676	-
\$ 7,916	\$ 842	\$ 6,085	\$ 107	\$ 125,377	\$ 2,647

Continued

LAMB COUNTY, TEXAS
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Continuation

	<u>HAVA Grants</u>	<u>District Clerk Records Archive</u>	<u>Tax A/C Voter Registration</u>	<u>VCLG Grant</u>
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Licenses and fees	-	3,215	-	-
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	-	-	1,686	42,220
Interest	20	31	-	-
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-
	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total revenues	<u>20</u>	<u>3,246</u>	<u>1,686</u>	<u>42,220</u>
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Administrative	-	-	-	-
Judicial	-	-	-	-
Public facilities	-	-	-	-
Public safety	-	-	-	42,993
Road and bridge	-	-	-	-
Public service	-	-	-	-
Debt service:				
Principal	-	-	-	-
Interest	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-
	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total expenditures	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>42,993</u>
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	20	3,246	1,686	(773)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES / (USES)				
Transfers in	-	-	-	-
	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES / (USES)	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	<u>20</u>	<u>3,246</u>	<u>1,686</u>	<u>(773)</u>
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING (DEFICIT)	1,488	798	-	737
PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING, AS RESTATED (DEFICIT)	<u>1,488</u>	<u>798</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>737</u>
FUND BALANCES - ENDING (DEFICIT)	<u>\$ 1,508</u>	<u>\$ 4,044</u>	<u>\$ 1,686</u>	<u>\$ (36)</u>

Pre-trial Diversion	DWI Video	County Attorney Drug Forfeiture	County Attorney Hot Check Fee	Sheriff Commissary	Sheriff Foreiture - State
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
15,229	134	-	-	22,811	-
-	-	45,301	-	-	2,708
-	-	-	-	-	-
1,015	56	580	55	1,467	643
-	-	-	3,106	60	-
16,244	190	45,881	3,161	24,338	3,351
-	-	-	-	-	-
12,916	-	39,825	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	36	-	-	-	5,572
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
2,300	-	-	-	-	-
15,216	36	39,825	-	-	5,572
1,028	154	6,056	3,161	24,338	(2,221)
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
1,028	154	6,056	3,161	24,338	(2,221)
81,913	4,033	33,256	977	32,268	70,212
-	-	-	-	-	-
81,913	4,033	33,256	977	32,268	70,212
\$ 82,941	\$ 4,187	\$ 39,312	\$ 4,138	\$ 56,606	\$ 67,991

Continued

LAMB COUNTY, TEXAS
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Continuation

	County Library - Littlefield	County Library - Olton	Corona Virus Relief Fund	Juvenile Probation
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Licenses and fees	2,996	132	-	2,715
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-
Interest	187	41	-	-
Miscellaneous	4,549	-	-	-
Total revenues	7,732	173	-	2,715
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Administrative	-	-	-	-
Judicial	-	-	-	-
Public facilities	4,416	275	-	-
Public safety	-	-	-	-
Road and bridge	-	-	-	-
Public service	-	-	-	228,625
Debt service:				
Principal	-	-	-	-
Interest	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-
Total expenditures	4,416	275	-	228,625
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	3,316	(102)	-	(225,910)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES / (USES)				
Transfers in	-	-	4,240	225,910
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES / (USES)	-	-	4,240	225,910
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	3,316	(102)	4,240	-
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING (DEFICIT)	11,072	2,954	(4,240)	-
PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT	-	-	-	-
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING, AS RESTATED (DEFICIT)	11,072	2,954	(4,240)	-
FUND BALANCES - ENDING (DEFICIT)	\$ 14,388	\$ 2,852	\$ -	\$ -

Title IV-E	Lamb County Leaf Grant	Juvenile Probation - State Aid	Prosecutor Fee	Sheriff LEOSE Education	Court Facility
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
-	-	-	251	-	2,100
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	140,492	143,628	-	-	-
378	-	-	2	156	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
378	140,492	143,628	253	156	2,100
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	140,492	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
1,005	-	152,355	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
8,856	-	-	-	-	-
9,861	140,492	152,355	-	-	-
(9,483)	-	(8,727)	253	156	2,100
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
(9,483)	-	(8,727)	253	156	2,100
35,497	-	3,900	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	15,896	-
35,497	-	3,900	-	15,896	-
\$ 26,014	\$ -	\$ (4,827)	\$ 253	\$ 16,052	\$ 2,100

Continued

LAMB COUNTY, TEXAS
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Continuation

	<u>Law Library</u>	<u>Court Reporter</u>	<u>Court Guardianship</u>	<u>Judicial Education and Support</u>
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Licenses and fees	3,364	2,814	1,380	230
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-
Interest	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-
Total revenues	3,364	2,814	1,380	230
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Administrative	-	-	-	-
Judicial	-	-	-	-
Public facilities	-	-	-	-
Public safety	-	-	-	-
Road and bridge	-	-	-	-
Public service	-	-	-	-
Debt service:				
Principal	-	-	-	-
Interest	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-
Total expenditures	-	-	-	-
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	3,364	2,814	1,380	230
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES / (USES)				
Transfers in	-	-	-	-
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES / (USES)	-	-	-	-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	3,364	2,814	1,380	230
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING (DEFICIT)	-	-	-	-
PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT	-	-	-	-
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING, AS RESTATED (DEFICIT)	-	-	-	-
FUND BALANCES - ENDING (DEFICIT)	\$ 3,364	\$ 2,814	\$ 1,380	\$ 230

Justice of the Peace - Precinct 1 Fees	Justice of the Peace - Precinct 2 Fees	Justice of the Peace - Precinct 3 Fees	Justice of the Peace - Precinct 4 Fees	Debt Service	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5	\$ 1,405,445
400	400	1,200	450	-	635,995
-	-	-	-	-	49,348
-	-	-	-	-	462,708
-	-	-	-	-	20,486
-	-	-	-	-	14,651
400	400	1,200	450	5	2,588,633
-	-	-	-	-	25,335
-	-	-	-	-	65,885
-	-	-	-	-	145,334
-	-	-	-	-	48,601
-	-	-	-	-	1,702,660
-	-	-	-	-	381,985
-	-	-	-	-	257,273
-	-	-	-	-	11,566
-	-	-	-	-	20,156
-	-	-	-	-	2,658,795
400	400	1,200	450	5	(70,162)
-	-	-	-	-	230,150
-	-	-	-	-	230,150
400	400	1,200	450	5	159,988
-	-	-	-	58	770,442
-	-	-	-	-	15,896
-	-	-	-	58	786,338
\$ 400	\$ 400	\$ 1,200	\$ 450	\$ 63	\$ 946,326

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FIDUCIARY FUNDS

CUSTODIAL FUNDS

The Custodial Funds account for assets received in the capacity of trustee or agent for the County, other governmental entity or individual.

District Clerk – The District Clerk’s Fund accounts for registry funds held by the District Clerk.

County Clerk – The County Clerk’s Fund accounts for registry funds held by the County Clerk.

Tax Assessor Collector – The Tax Assessor Collector’s Fund accounts for money collected by the Tax Assessor Collector and remitted to the State of Texas.

County Treasurer – The County Treasurer Fund accounts for funds held on behalf of the County Cafeteria Plan. Additionally, the fund is holding and accounting for cash bonds held for defendants in the County.

County Attorney – The County Attorney’s Fund accounts for the payments of restitution and fees associated with the collection of hot checks within the County limits.

Justices of the Peace – The Justices of the Peace Funds accounts for funds collected by the Justices of the Peace and remitted to various agencies.

County Sheriff – The Sheriff Fund accounts for funds donated to the Sheriff’s Department to purchase and distribute toys for needy or neglected children.

Sheriff Inmate Trust – The Sheriff’s Inmate Trust Fund accounts for monies an inmate has access to but not physical control of during their confinement.

LAMB COUNTY, TEXAS
COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
CUSTODIAL FUNDS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	District Clerk	County Clerk	Tax Assessor Collector	County Treasurer
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 227,738	\$ 14,129	\$ 153,817	\$ 61,627
	<u>227,738</u>	<u>14,129</u>	<u>153,817</u>	<u>61,627</u>
Total assets				
	<u>227,738</u>	<u>14,129</u>	<u>153,817</u>	<u>61,627</u>
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	3,867	738	-	-
Due to other governments	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>152,848</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u>3,867</u>	<u>738</u>	<u>152,848</u>	<u>-</u>
Total liabilities				
	<u>3,867</u>	<u>738</u>	<u>152,848</u>	<u>-</u>
NET POSITION				
Restricted for:				
Individuals	<u>223,871</u>	<u>13,391</u>	<u>969</u>	<u>61,627</u>
	<u>223,871</u>	<u>13,391</u>	<u>969</u>	<u>61,627</u>
Total net position	<u><u>\$ 223,871</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 13,391</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 969</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 61,627</u></u>

<u>County Attorney</u>	<u>Justices of the Peace</u>	<u>County Sheriff</u>	<u>Inmate Trust Funds</u>	<u>Total</u>
<u>\$ 5,833</u>	<u>\$ 2,078</u>	<u>\$ 16,542</u>	<u>\$ 16,150</u>	<u>\$ 497,914</u>
<u>5,833</u>	<u>2,078</u>	<u>16,542</u>	<u>16,150</u>	<u>497,914</u>
-	-	-	-	4,605
<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>152,848</u>
<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>157,453</u>
<u>5,833</u>	<u>2,078</u>	<u>16,542</u>	<u>16,150</u>	<u>340,461</u>
<u><u>\$ 5,833</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 2,078</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 16,542</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 16,150</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 340,461</u></u>

LAMB COUNTY, TEXAS
COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
CUSTODIAL FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	District Clerk	County Clerk	Tax Assessor Collector	County Treasurer
Additions				
Tax collections	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,816,788	\$ -
Trust/Escrow contributions	225,508	86,077	-	48,360
Inmate accounts	-	-	-	-
Investment earnings	1,140	-	1,634	344
	<u>226,648</u>	<u>86,077</u>	<u>2,818,422</u>	<u>48,704</u>
Total additions	<u>226,648</u>	<u>86,077</u>	<u>2,818,422</u>	<u>48,704</u>
Deductions				
Payments to local governments	-	-	2,818,892	-
Trust/Escrow disbursements	143,513	93,814	-	30,843
Inmate accounts	-	-	-	-
	<u>143,513</u>	<u>93,814</u>	<u>2,818,892</u>	<u>30,843</u>
Total deductions	<u>143,513</u>	<u>93,814</u>	<u>2,818,892</u>	<u>30,843</u>
NET CHANGE IN NET POSITION	83,135	(7,737)	(470)	17,861
NET POSITION - BEGINNING	<u>140,736</u>	<u>21,128</u>	<u>1,439</u>	<u>43,766</u>
NET POSITION - ENDING	<u><u>\$ 223,871</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 13,391</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 969</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 61,627</u></u>

<u>County Attorney</u>	<u>Justices of the Peace</u>	<u>County Sheriff</u>	<u>Inmate Trust Funds</u>	<u>Total</u>
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,816,788
65,276	216,506	12,701	-	654,428
-	-	-	95,750	95,750
-	180	215	-	3,513
<u>65,276</u>	<u>216,686</u>	<u>12,916</u>	<u>95,750</u>	<u>3,570,479</u>
-	-	-	-	2,818,892
109,216	216,931	9,894	-	604,211
-	-	-	98,791	98,791
<u>109,216</u>	<u>216,931</u>	<u>9,894</u>	<u>98,791</u>	<u>3,521,894</u>
(43,940)	(245)	3,022	(3,041)	48,585
<u>49,773</u>	<u>2,323</u>	<u>13,520</u>	<u>19,191</u>	<u>291,876</u>
<u>\$ 5,833</u>	<u>\$ 2,078</u>	<u>\$ 16,542</u>	<u>\$ 16,150</u>	<u>\$ 340,461</u>

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PART III
COMPLIANCE

To The Honorable County Judge and
Commissioners Comprising the
Commissioners' Court of
Lamb County, Texas

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR THE U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY
CORONAVIRUS STATE AND LOCAL FISCAL RECOVERY FUNDS PROGRAM (CSLFRF) REQUIREMENTS
FOR AN ALTERNATIVE CSLFRF COMPLIANCE EXAMINATION ENGAGEMENT

We have examined Lamb County, Texas's compliance with the compliance requirements "activities allowed or unallowed" and "allowable cost/cost principles" (the specified requirements) as described in Part IV "Requirements for an Alternative Compliance Examination Engagement for Recipients That Would Otherwise be Required to Undergo a Single Audit or Program-Specific Audit as a Result of Receiving Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds" of the CSLFRF section of the 2022 OMB *Compliance Supplement* (referred to herein as "Requirements for an Alternative CSLFRF Compliance Examination Engagement") during the year ended September 30, 2022. Management of Lamb County, Texas is responsible for Lamb County, Texas's compliance with the specified requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Lamb County, Texas's compliance with the specified requirements based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with the attestation standards established by the AICPA; the standards applicable to attestation engagements contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and in the "Requirements for an Alternative CSLFRF Compliance Examination Engagement." Those standards and requirements require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether Lamb County, Texas complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether Lamb County, Texas complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

We are required to be independent and meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to the engagement.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on Lamb County, Texas compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, Lamb County, Texas complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced above during the year ended September 30, 2022.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we are required to report all deficiencies that are considered to be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses in internal control; fraud, and noncompliance with provisions of laws, regulations, contracts or grant agreements that have a material effect on Lamb County, Texas's compliance with the specified requirements and any other instances that warrant the attention of those charged with governance. We are also required to obtain and report the views of responsible officials concerning the findings, conclusions, and recommendations, as well as any planned corrective actions. We performed our examination to express an opinion on Lamb County, Texas's compliance with the specified requirements and not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the internal control over the specified

requirements or on compliance and other matters; accordingly, we express no such opinions. The results of our tests disclosed no matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Intended Purpose

The purpose of this examination report is solely to express an opinion on whether Lamb County, Texas complied, in all material respects with the specified requirements referenced above during the year ended September 30, 2022. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

DOSHIER, PICKENS & FRANCIS, L.L.C.

DOSHIER, PICKENS & FRANCIS, LLC

Amarillo, Texas

June 22, 2023

To The Honorable County Judge and
Commissioners Comprising the
Commissioners' Court of
Lamb County, Texas

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON
COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the major fund with its budgetary comparison, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lamb County, Texas as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Lamb County, Texas's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 22, 2023. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the Lamb County Hospital, as described in our report on the County's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Lamb County, Texas's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Lamb County, Texas's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Lamb County, Texas's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the County's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Lamb County, Texas's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an

opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

DOSHIER, PICKENS & FRANCIS, L.L.C.

DOSHIER, PICKENS & FRANCIS, LLC

Amarillo, Texas

June 22, 2023